



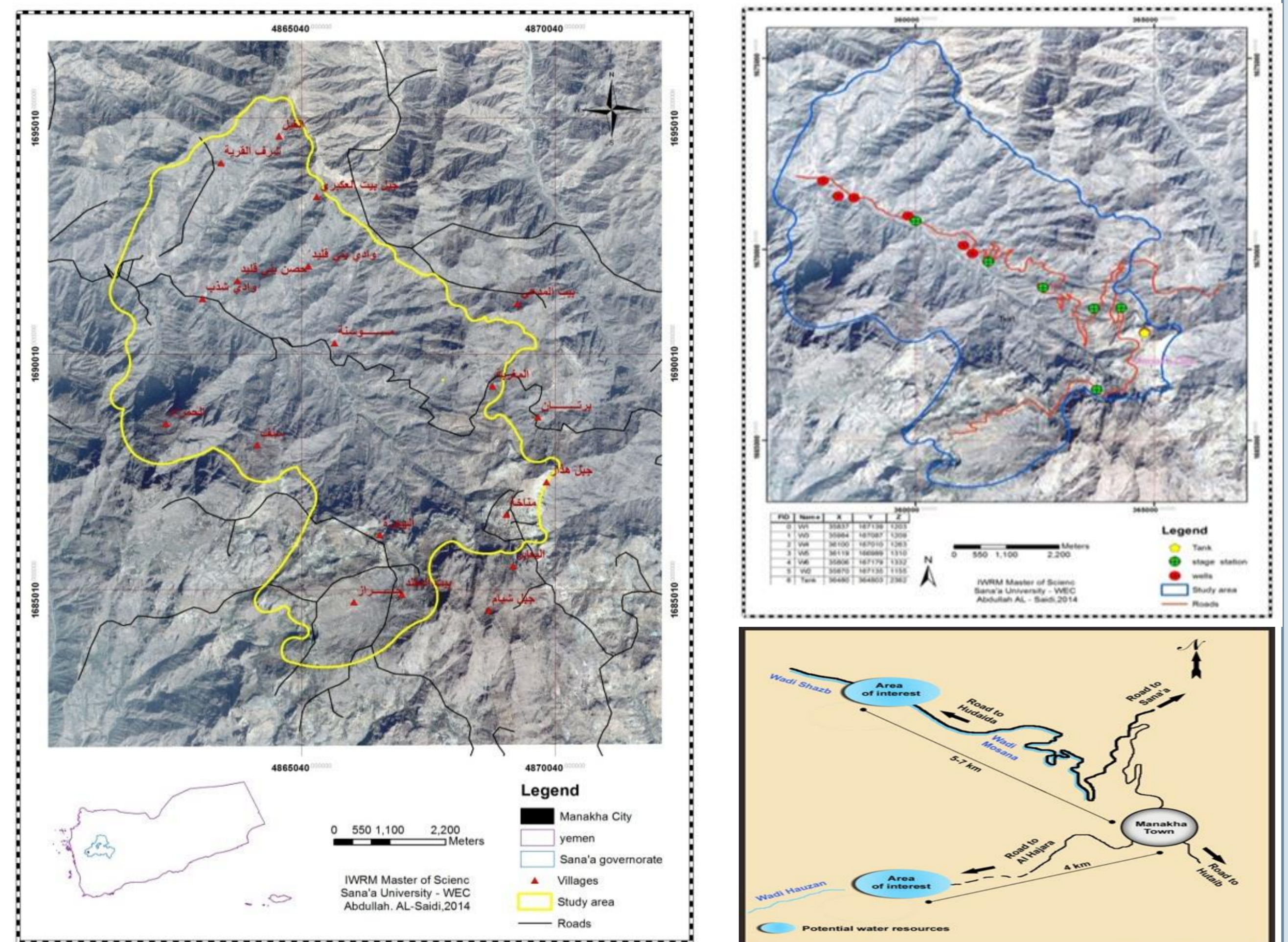
Potential of Rooftop Rainwater Harvesting Systems

MSc Research

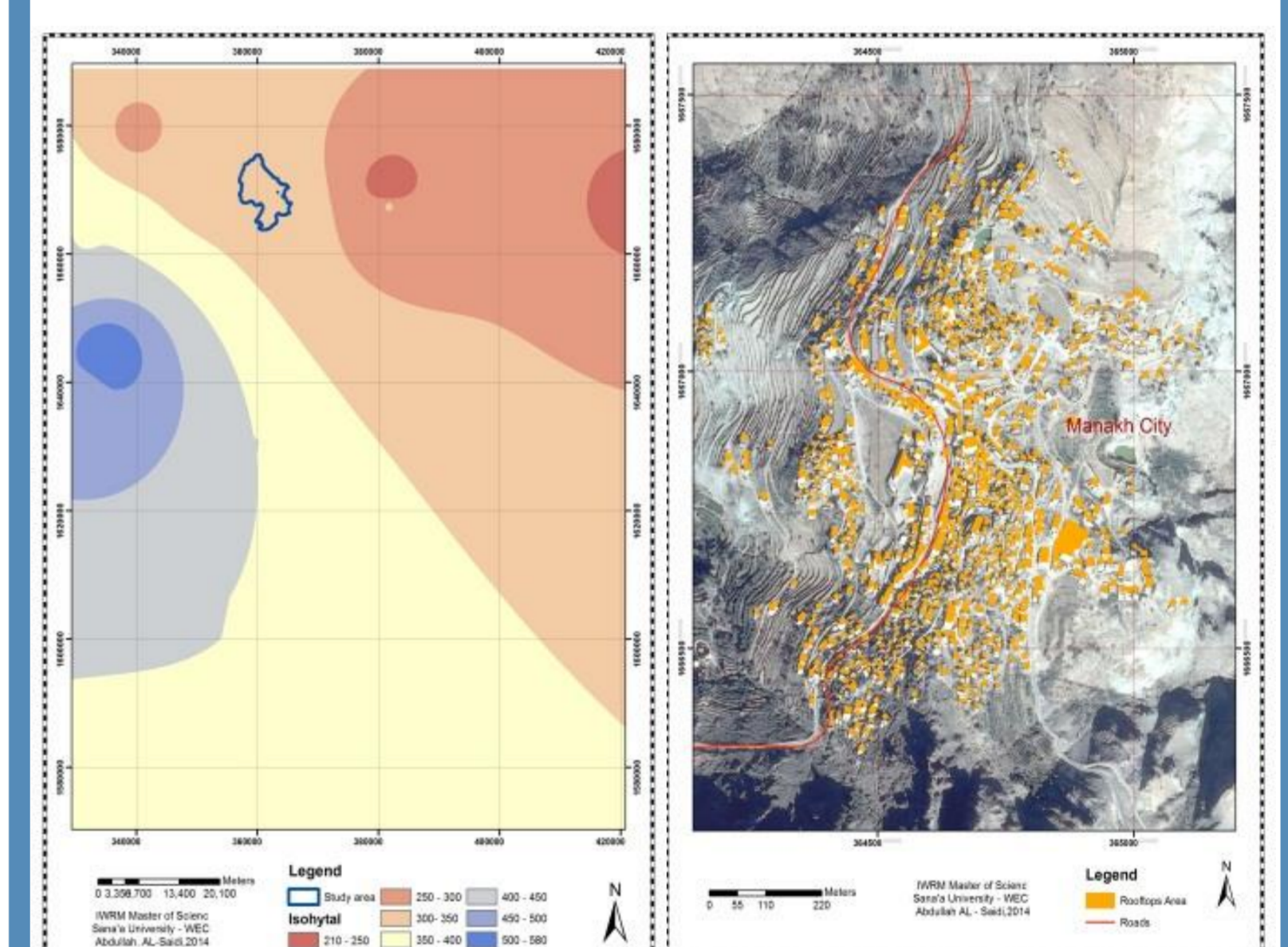
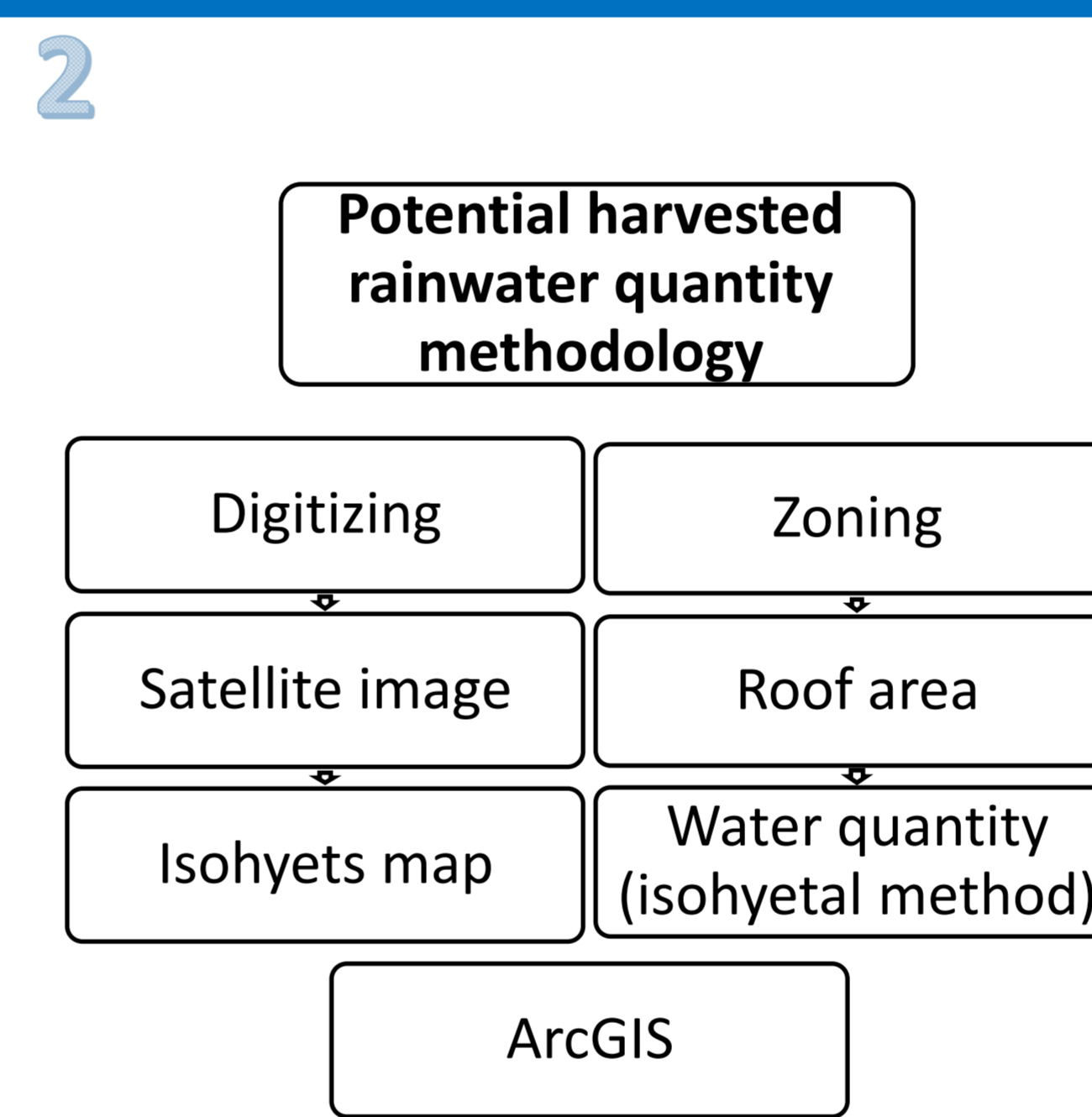
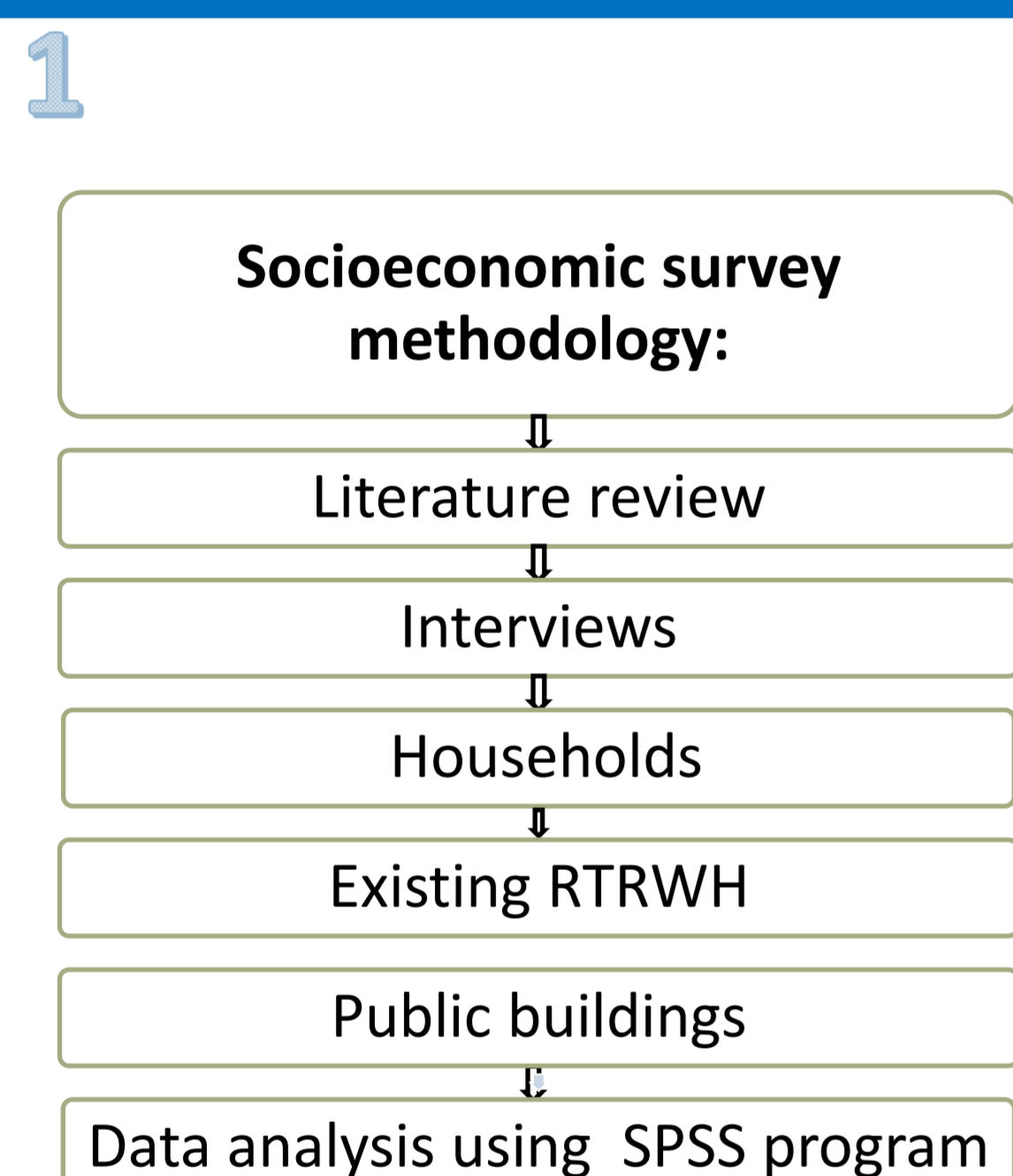
Problem statement and Objectives

This study was conducted in Manakhah town which suffers from water shortage and scarcity. Manakha is located at 2,353 meters above the Sea Level and served by only a public water system. The water source is located in Wadi Mousna, located at an elevation of 1,245 m.a.s.l. The distance between the wells and the town is nearly seven kilometers, and the water needs to be lifted over a depth of 1,000 meters increasing the already enormous costs of operation and maintenance.

The goal of the research is to analyze the potential of Rooftop Rainwater Harvesting Systems to supply Manakha area with water; through assessing the technical, economic and social feasibility, and introducing these systems to meet domestic water needs and reduce the pressure on groundwater resources and households' financial resources.



Methods

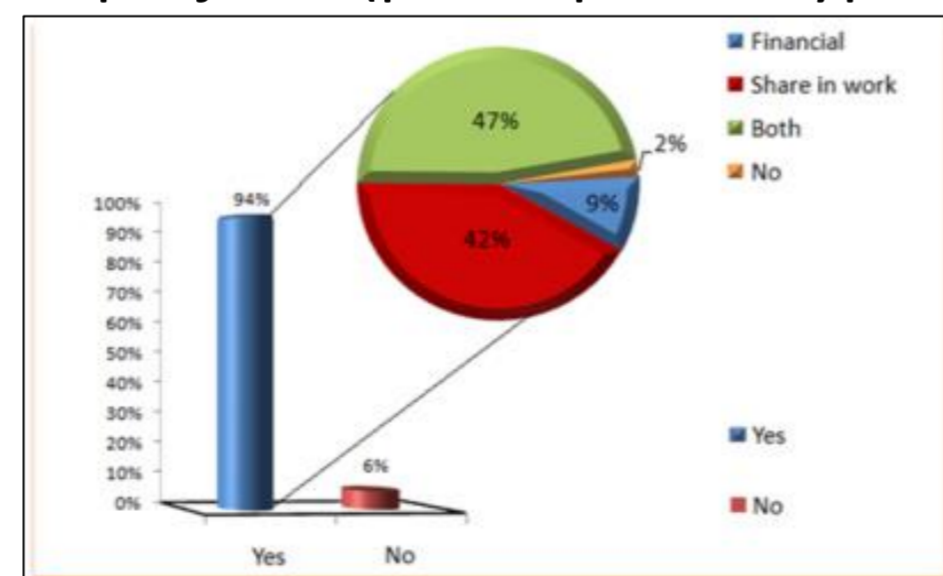


Results

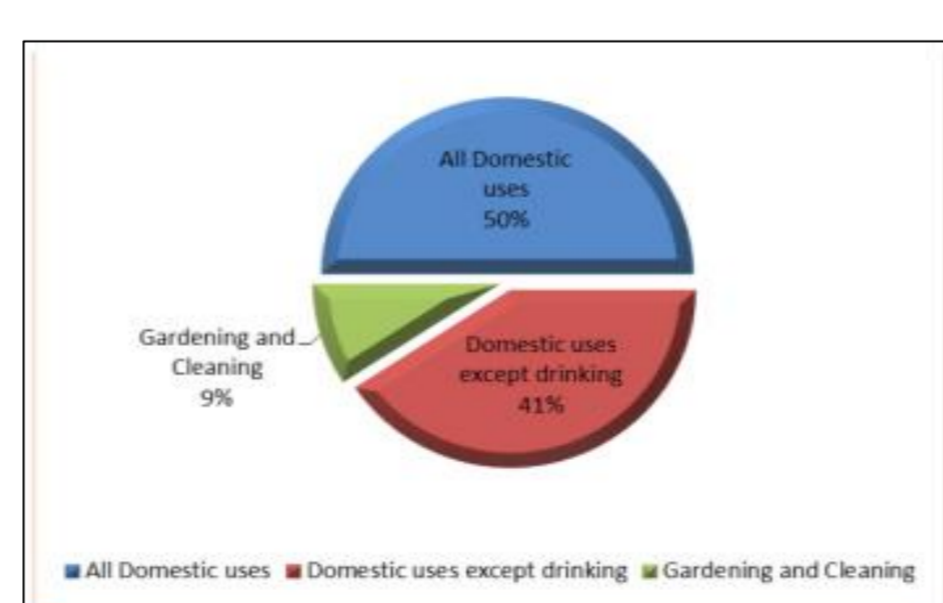
• Water Demand in Manakha

Parameter	Year	Population	demand L/c/d	Q m3/year	product ratio % (service coverage)	Harvested Water (CM/year)	Harvested Water Coverage water demand ratio
Water production m ³ yr ⁻¹	2010	15000	15.30	83757	100%		
max demand m ³ yr ⁻¹	2010	15000	50.00	273750	31%	31092.67	21%
avg. demand m ³ yr ⁻¹	2010	15000	26.67	146000	57%		

• Willingness and ability to participate in RTRWH projects (participation types)



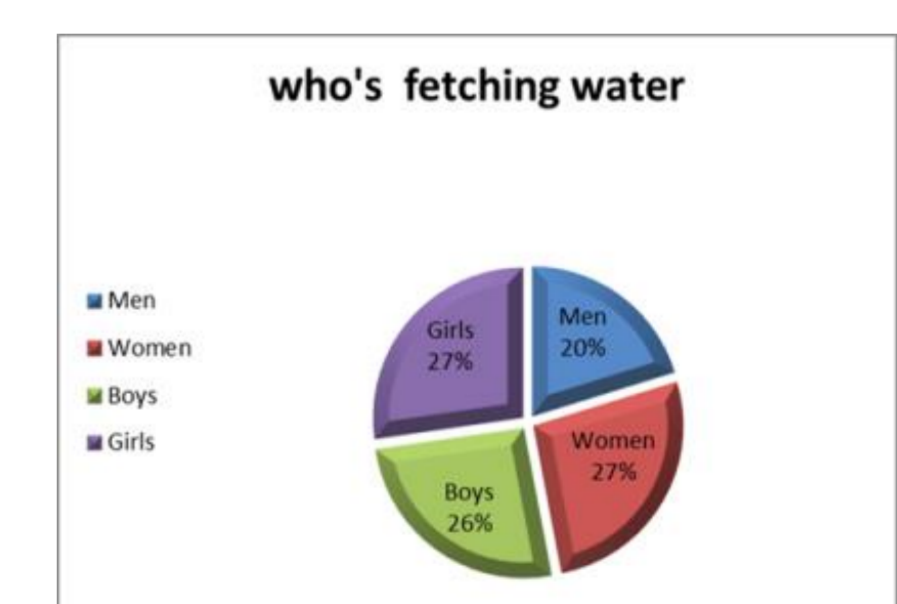
• Different local uses of rainwater in RTRWH projects



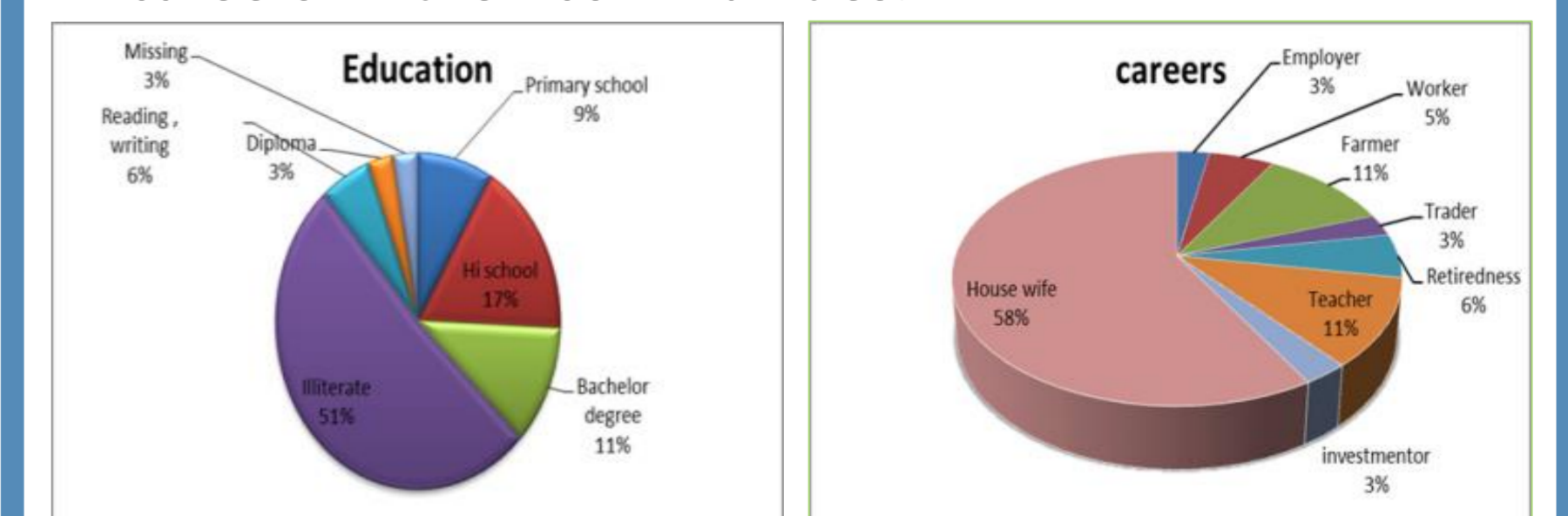
- Per capita consumption: 28-30 liters/day
- Volume of water losses by public network (m³/year): 30,196
- Average per capita water consumption / day from NWSA wells: 15.30 L / day
- Cost of public water unit (tarfa)(by NWSA): 400YR/M³
- Cost of public water unit(without subsidence): 1225YR/M³
- The range of cost estimation for an ideal system: 614100 YR (2855) 90
- Cost of rainwater unit(m³): 186 YR/M³

All stakeholders (households, public buildings, NGOs, and NWSA) have agreed to manage, operate and maintain such projects, ensuring their sustainability, downgrading water depletion and the pressure on ground water, and supplying Manakha town with water.

• most women (54%) are fetching water and making an effort to supply water from a long distances (5 km)



• Many women in the area are educated and have careers in their communities.



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- Main Supervisor
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Project Partners

